# **Care Planning**

### DYSPNEA OR RESPIRATORY DISTRESS

#### Target Population: Adult

Dyspnea or Respiratory Distress		
Potential Cause	Signs and Symptoms	Risk Factors
Acute Bronchitis Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome	<ul> <li>breath sounds may have rhonchi that clear with cough</li> <li>cough lasting weeks</li> <li>gradual onset</li> <li>pleuritic chest pain</li> <li>sputum production</li> <li>tachypnea</li> <li>acute shortness of breath</li> <li>hypoxia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recent upper respiratory tract infection</li> <li>smoking history</li> <li>drug overdose</li> <li>lung injury or recent multiple trauma</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>increased work of breathing</li> <li>sudden and progressive onset</li> <li>tachypnea</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>obesity</li> <li>pancreatitis</li> <li>radiation therapy</li> <li>recent blood transfusion</li> <li>recent lung or systemic infection</li> <li>sepsis</li> </ul>
Anxiety Disorder Panic Disorder	<ul> <li>gradual or sudden onset</li> <li>hyperventilation</li> <li>light-headed</li> <li>numbness and tingling in extremities</li> <li>restless</li> <li>worried</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>personal or family history of anxiety or depression</li> <li>recent traumatic experience</li> <li>stress</li> </ul>
Asthma	<ul> <li>breath sounds diminished or with wheezing</li> <li>chest tightness</li> <li>cough</li> <li>gradual or sudden onset</li> <li>increased work of breathing</li> <li>peak flow rate less than predicted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>family history</li> <li>greater than 40 years of age</li> <li>history of frequent lung problems</li> <li>smoking</li> </ul>
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	<ul> <li>accessory muscle use</li> <li>barrel chest</li> <li>breath sounds wheezing or diminished</li> <li>fatigue</li> <li>gradual or sudden onset</li> <li>oxygen saturation decreased</li> <li>prolonged expiratory phase</li> <li>sputum production</li> <li>tachypnea</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>prolonged exposure to environmental irritant (smoke or chemical)</li> <li>prolonged smoking history</li> </ul>
Heart Failure	<ul> <li>breath sounds with crackles or wheezing</li> <li>BNP (B-type natriuretic peptide) increased</li> <li>dyspnea on exertion</li> <li>gradual or sudden onset</li> <li>heart wall function decreased on echocardiogram</li> <li>orthopnea</li> <li>peripheral edema</li> <li>pulmonary edema on chest x-ray</li> <li>weight gain</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>age</li> <li>cardiac disease</li> <li>diabetes</li> <li>hypertension</li> <li>obesity</li> <li>sedentary lifestyle</li> <li>smoking history</li> </ul>
Myocardial Infarction	<ul> <li>cardiac enzymes increased</li> <li>chest pain</li> <li>sudden onset</li> <li>symptoms not relieved with rest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cardiac disease</li> <li>diabetes</li> <li>hyperlipidemia</li> <li>hypertension</li> <li>smoking history</li> </ul>

### **ELSEVIER**

## **Care Planning**

Potential Cause	Signs and Symptoms	Risk Factors
Neuromuscular Disease	<ul> <li>extreme fatigue</li> <li>gradual or sudden onset</li> <li>lack of coordination</li> <li>muscle weakness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guillain-Barre</li> <li>myasthenia gravis</li> <li>myopathy</li> <li>spinal cord injury</li> </ul>
Pleural Effusion	<ul> <li>breath sounds over affected area diminished</li> <li>gas exchange impaired</li> <li>gradual onset</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cancer</li> <li>recent lung infection</li> <li>recent surgery</li> </ul>
Pneumonia	<ul> <li>chest pain</li> <li>chills</li> <li>cough</li> <li>CRP (C-reactive protein) increased</li> <li>fatigue</li> <li>fever</li> <li>gradual onset</li> <li>infiltrate on chest x-ray</li> <li>loss of appetite</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>alcohol dependence</li> <li>difficulty swallowing</li> <li>gastroesophageal reflux</li> <li>immunosuppression or chronic disease</li> <li>recent exposure to illness</li> <li>smoking</li> </ul>
Pneumothorax	<ul> <li>absence of chest wall movement</li> <li>accessory muscle use</li> <li>breath sounds diminished or absent</li> <li>oxygen saturation decreased</li> <li>tachycardia</li> <li>tachypnea</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>chest wall trauma</li> <li>pregnancy</li> <li>smoking history</li> <li>underlying lung disease</li> </ul>
Pulmonary Embolism	<ul> <li>chest pain</li> <li>D-dimer increased</li> <li>oxygen saturation decreased</li> <li>sudden onset</li> <li>unilateral leg swelling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>oral hormone use</li> <li>recent surgery or immobilization</li> <li>venous thromboembolism history</li> </ul>

